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Centa, March 19. N. S.

THE Moors do still continue the Siege of this Place, notwithstanding the ill Success they have hitherto had in all their Attacks. Our Garrison made a Sally on the 14th Instant, in which they killed a great number of the Enemy, and ruined most part of their Works, and particularly a Mine they were carrying on to one of our Bastions; The same night, a Christian Slave made his escape from Fez to this Place, who reports, that Mulcy Hamet, Son to the King of Morocco, has taken Arms against his Father, and has engaged the whole Province of Suz in his Party, upon which the King has sent for a Detachment from his Army before this Place, and is raising Forces to march against him.

Rome, April 10. The Applications that have been made by Count Martinitz, the Emperor's Ambassador, to obtain an Audience of Leave of the Pope, being ineffectual, his Excellency intends in eight or ten days to return to Vienna. The Pope will appear in Publick to morrow, being Easter-day, and will go in a short time to Nettuno. The number of Strangers that are come hither on account of the Jubilee, is computed at above 80000. The Queen-Dowager of Poland intends in the Spring to take a Journey to Germany. The Princes her Sons are still here, and continue Incognito, to avoid Disputes about Precedence.

Venice, April 17. The Count de Berka, Envoy from the Emperor, has notified his Arrival to the Doge, and to the Foreign Ministers, and has already been visited by the Nuncio and the French Ambassador, and in few days will make his Publick Entry. Signior Francisco Loredano, Ambassador from this Republick at Vienna, has obtained Leave to return home upon account of the ill state of his Health, and the Senate have made Choice of Signior Zorzi to succeed him in that Employment. An Order of the Senate has lately been published, That all the Silver Coin current here, which either in Weight or Fineness is below the Standard, be forthwith brought to the Mint to be melted down and new Coined, and 'tis forbid under very severe Penalties to pass it in Payments. The Count of Polvigo, and Engineer Gulielmi, are gone from hence to Dalmatia, to give Directions for repairing the Fortifications of Castelnovo, lately damaged by the overflowing of the Sea.

Mistaw, April 16. There being Advice that a Body of about 6000 Finlanders are come into Livonia, and are marching to relieve Riga, a strong Detachment of the Saxon Forces before that Place have encamped themselves on the other side that River, among whom are the 300 Cossacks which lately came to the Saxon Camp from Lithuania, who are frequently sent out in Parties to get Intelligence of the Enemies Motions. No-

thing of any Moment passes before Riga, by reason further Reinforcements and Supplies of Artillery and Ammunition are expected from Poland. In the mean time the Besieged, expecting to be Bombarded, are unpaving their Streets, untiling their Houses, and doing every thing else that may prevent the effect of the Bombs; They appear resolved to defend the Town to the last extremity, and the Burghers are daily exercised in the use of Arms, and out of them several Regiments are formed, the Command whereof is given to experienced Officers. 'Tis reported, that 30000 Muscovites are marching to attack the Town of Nerva, but the Swedes give little Credit to it.

Warsaw, April 13. The King of Poland returned hither this week from Bielan. He caused Te Deum to be Sung yesterday in the Cathedral of this City for the taking of the Duniawunder Fort, which was to have been performed by the Bishop of Pohsen, but he excused himself, and the Pope's Nuncio officiated in his stead. 'Tis said, the King will go to Prussia some time the next month, and from thence to Courland and Livonia. The Cardinal Primate is gone from Lowitz to Radzowicz, but the time of his coming to Town is uncertain. Summons have been sent to the Senators that are at present in the Country, to give their Attendance here, in order to hold an Assembly of the Senate; The Prince Lubomirsky, Great General of the Crown, has thereupon desired to be excused till the 29th Instant; The rest, under several Pretences, have desired they may be dispensed with from repairing hither before the beginning of the next Month, and they seem desirous to delay the Meeting of the Senate, because the Business they are to treat of, being, Whether the Republick of Poland shall engage in a War against Sweden; they are willing, before they come to any Resolution about it, to see what will be the Issue of the Siege of Riga. The Bishop of Raab, who is lately arrived here from Vienna, being sent by the Emperor to offer his Mediation for Compounding all Differences between the Crowns of Sweden and Poland, has had several Audiences of the King, and is preparing to return home.

Vienna, April 17. The departure of the Imperial Court to Luxembourg is fixed for the 26th Instant, and 'tis said the Emperor intends in the beginning of the next Month to go to Presbourg, to hold an Assembly of the States of Hungary; That 'twill be there resolved to remove the Principal Courts of Justice from Presbourg to Buda, and that several other Regulations will be made for the better Government of that Kingdom. Orders have been sent to the Imperial Ministers at the Courts of Sweden and Denmark, to use all possible Endeavours to accommodate the Differences between the King of Denmark and the Duke of Holstein. Our Letters from Warsaw give an Account, that the Bishop of Raab, whom the Emperor has sent to endeavour to persuade the King of Poland to desist from his Enterprize against Riga, and to offer